

In vivo Counting and Optical Trapping Circulating Cells

Xunbin Wei, PhD

Distinguished Professor

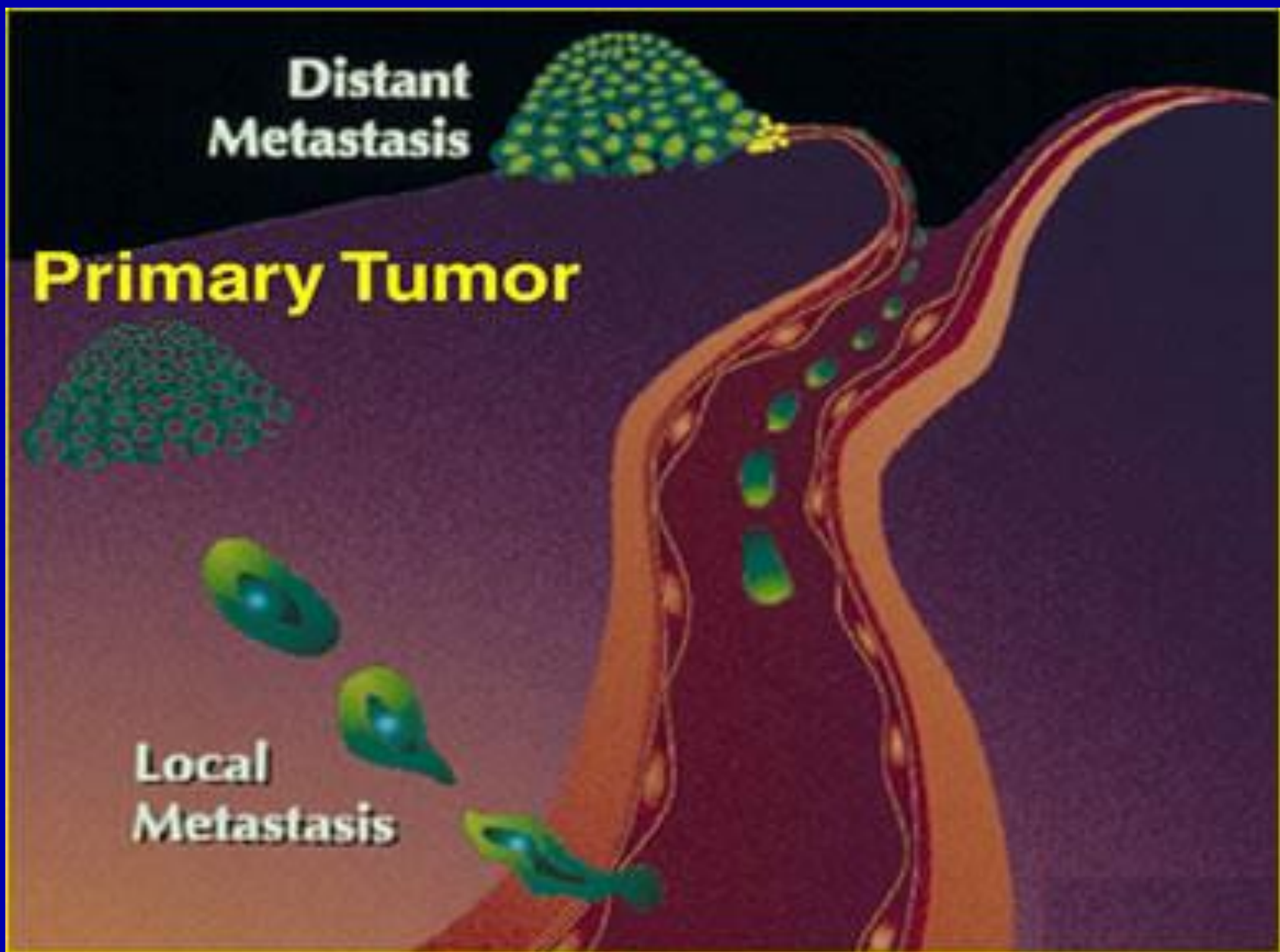
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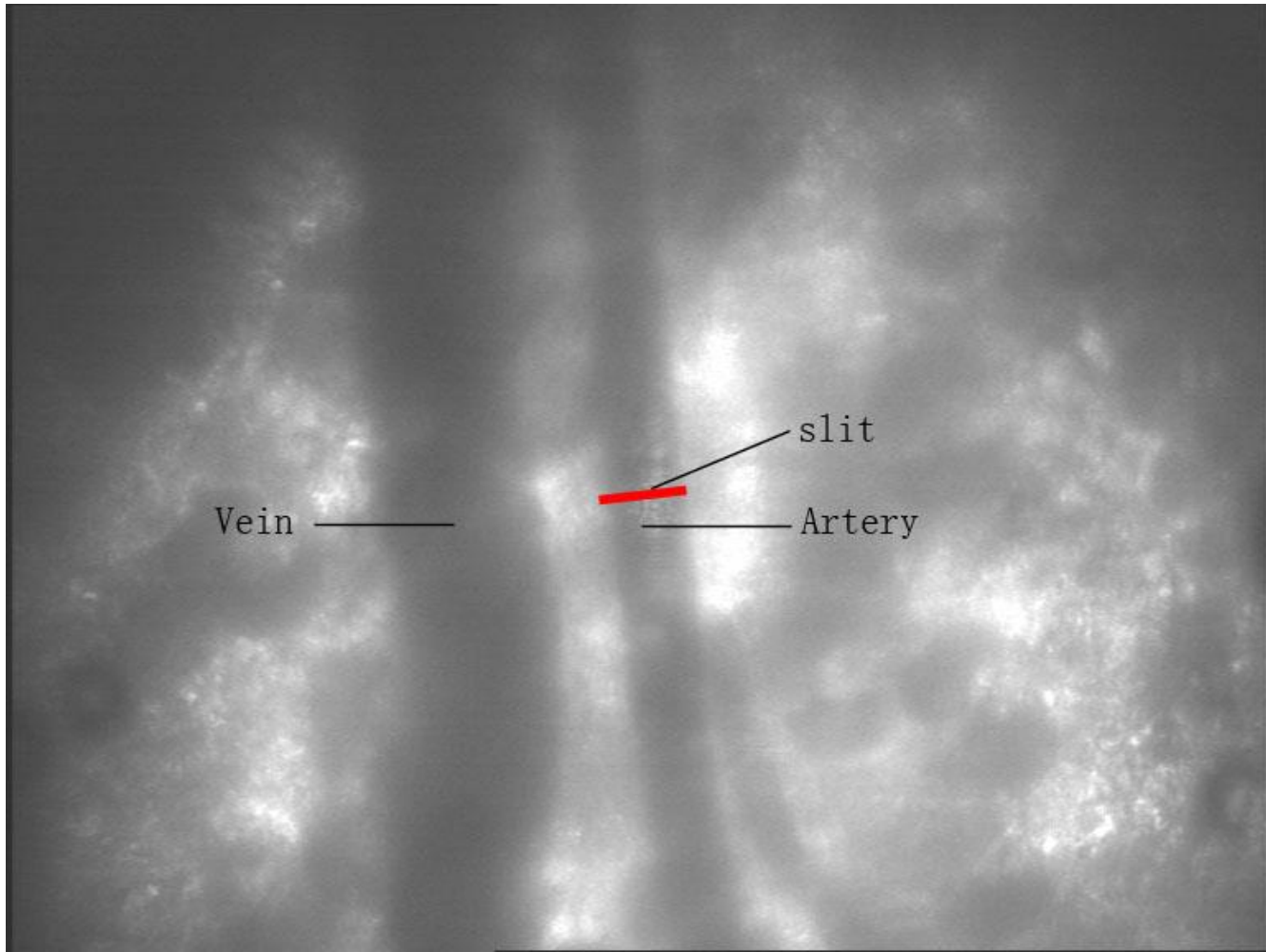


**Distant
Metastasis**

Primary Tumor

**Local
Metastasis**





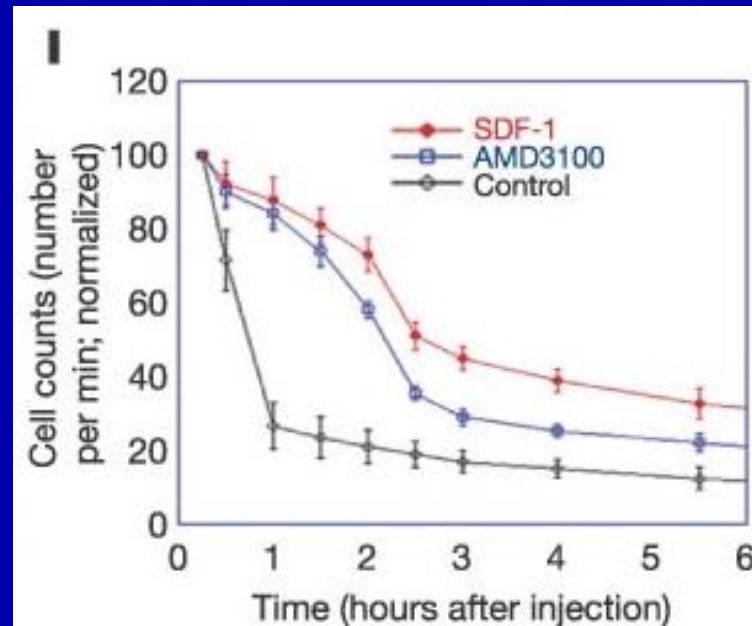
In Vivo Flow Cytometry (IVFC) has realized in vivo counting

International weekly journal of science
nature

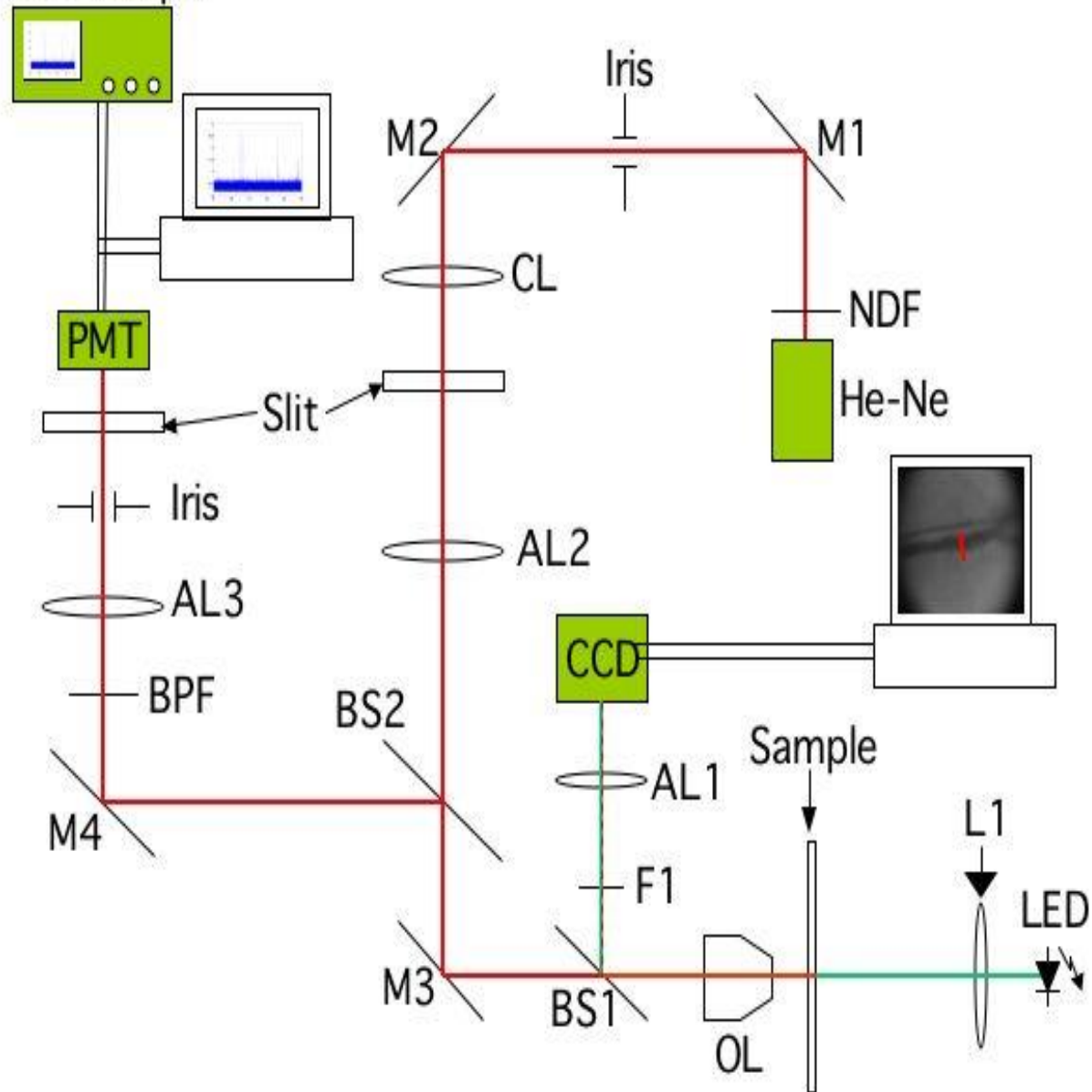
***In vivo* imaging of specialized bone marrow endothelial microdomains for tumour engraftment**

Dorothy A. Sipkins^{1,2,3}, Xunbin Wei¹, Juweili Wu¹, Judith M. Runnels¹, Daniel Côté¹, Terry K. Means², Andrew D. Luster³, David T. Scadden^{2,3,4} & Charles P. Lin¹

Reprinted from *Nature*, Volume 435, June 16, 2005

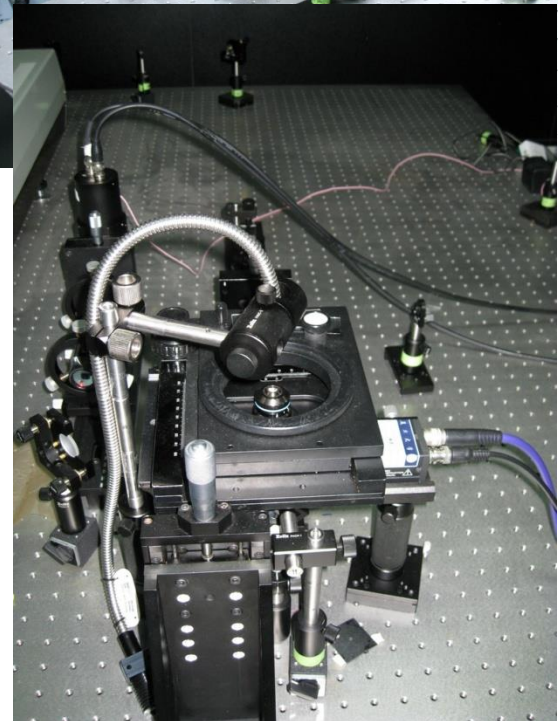
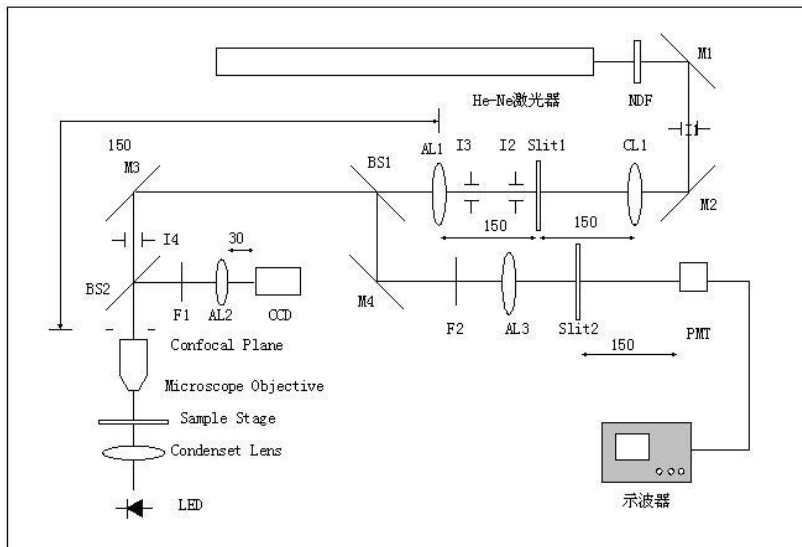


Oscilloscope



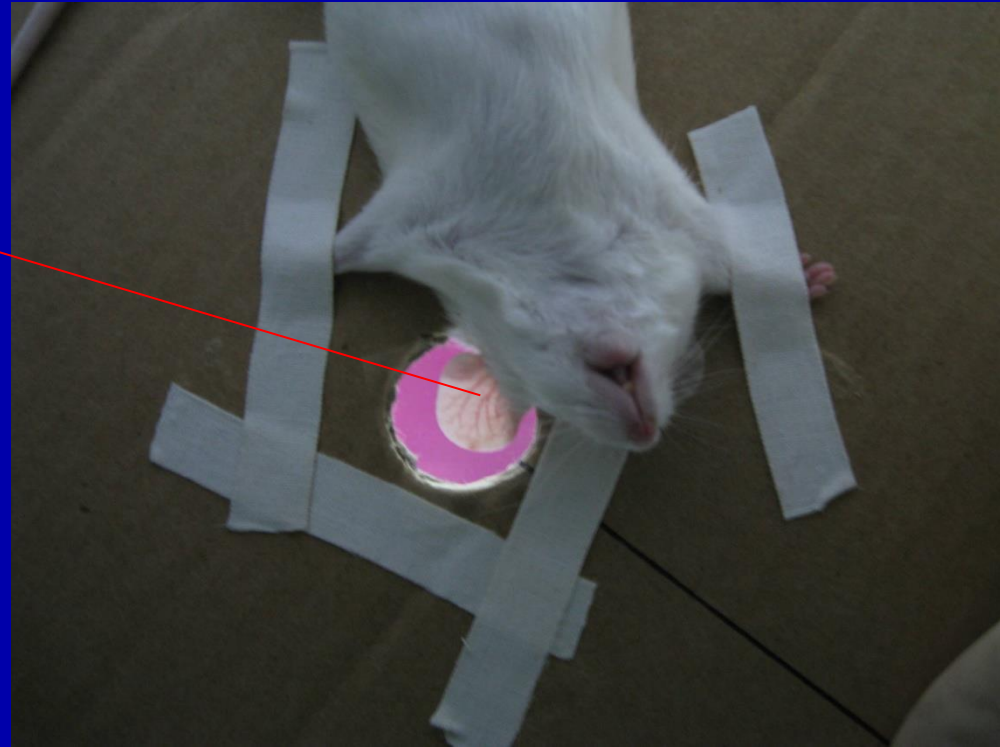
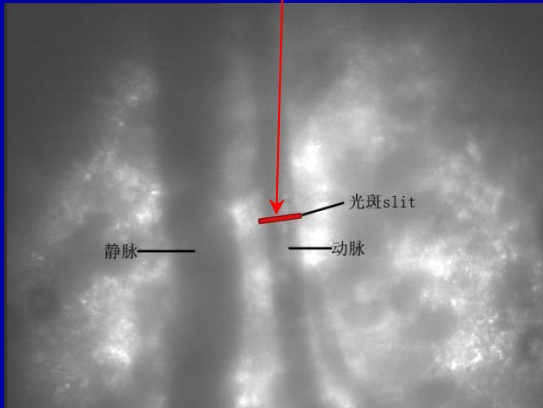
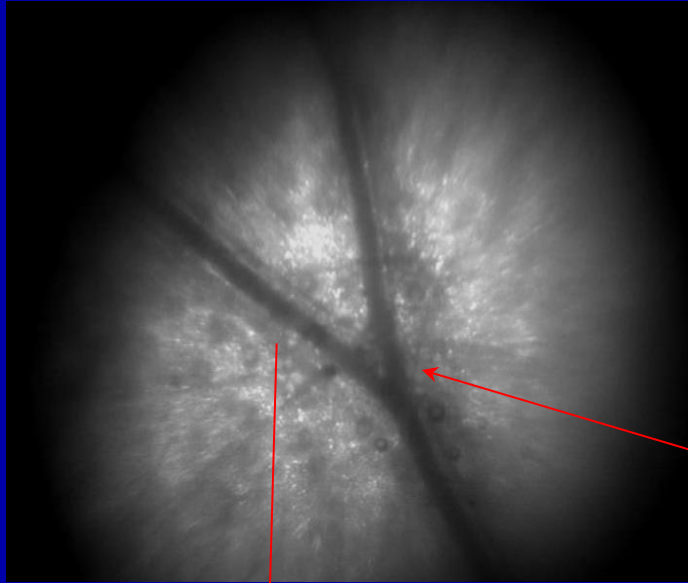
IVFC Setup

IVFC光路图

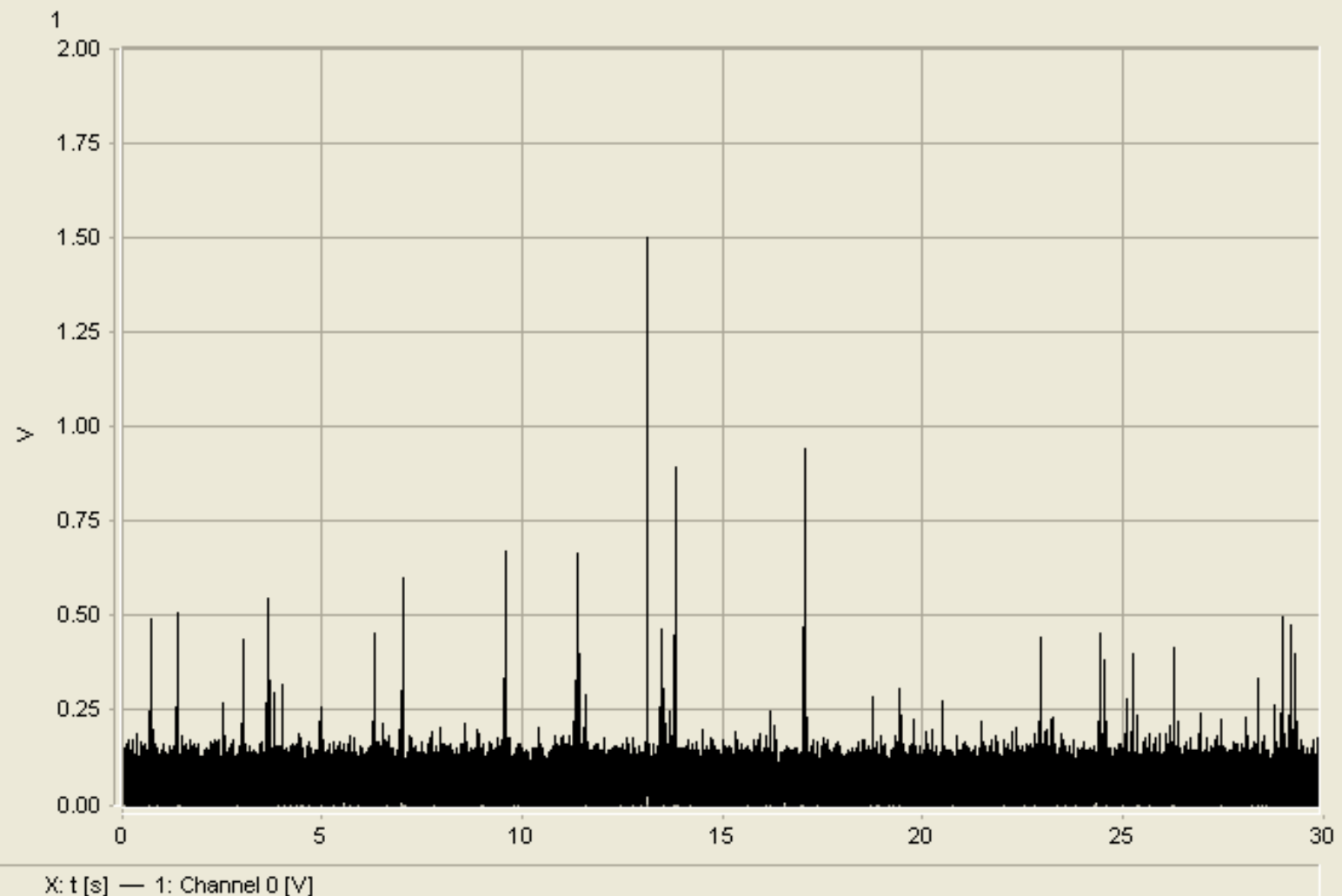


光学平台搭建

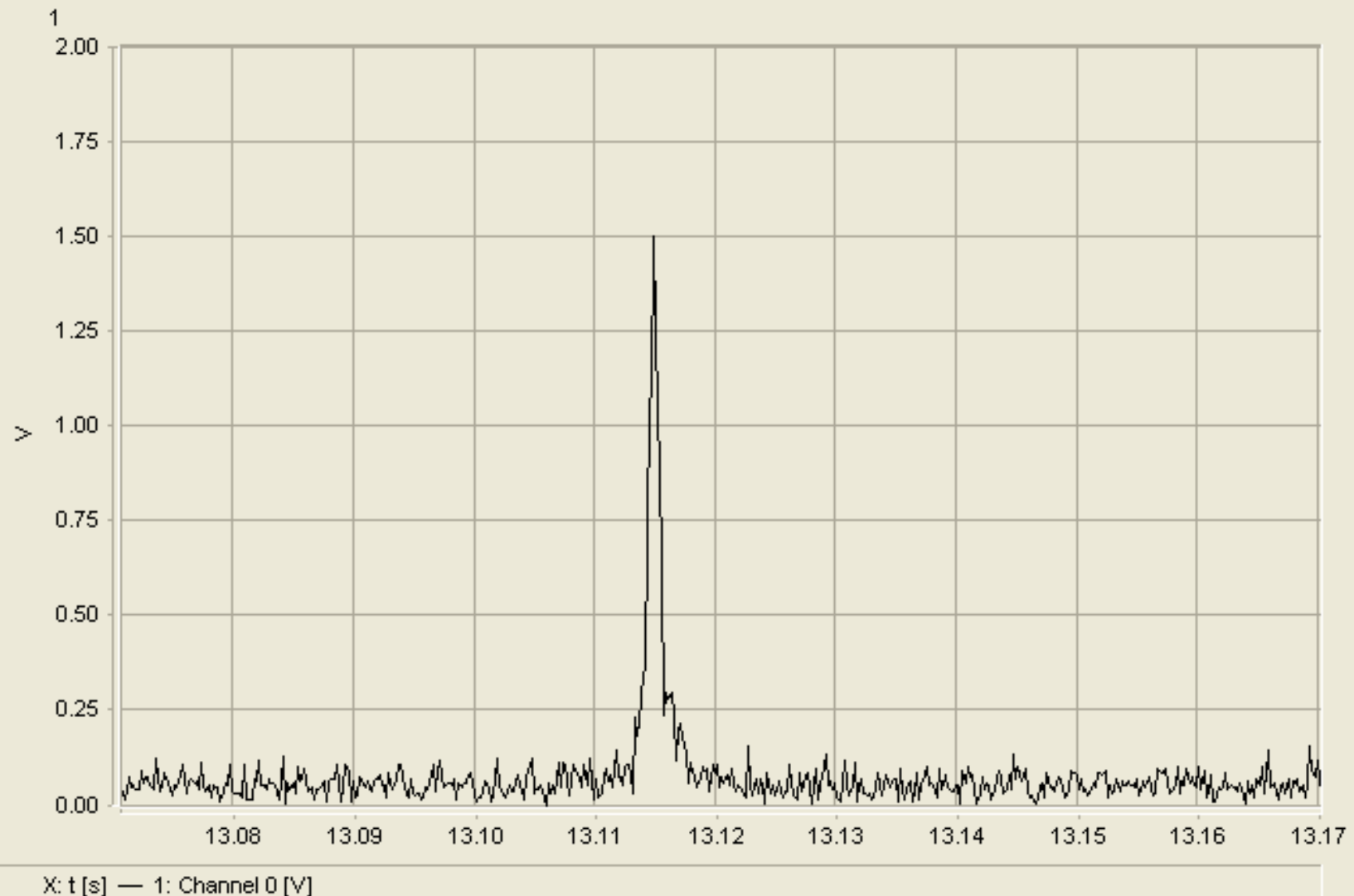
Selection of Blood Vessels



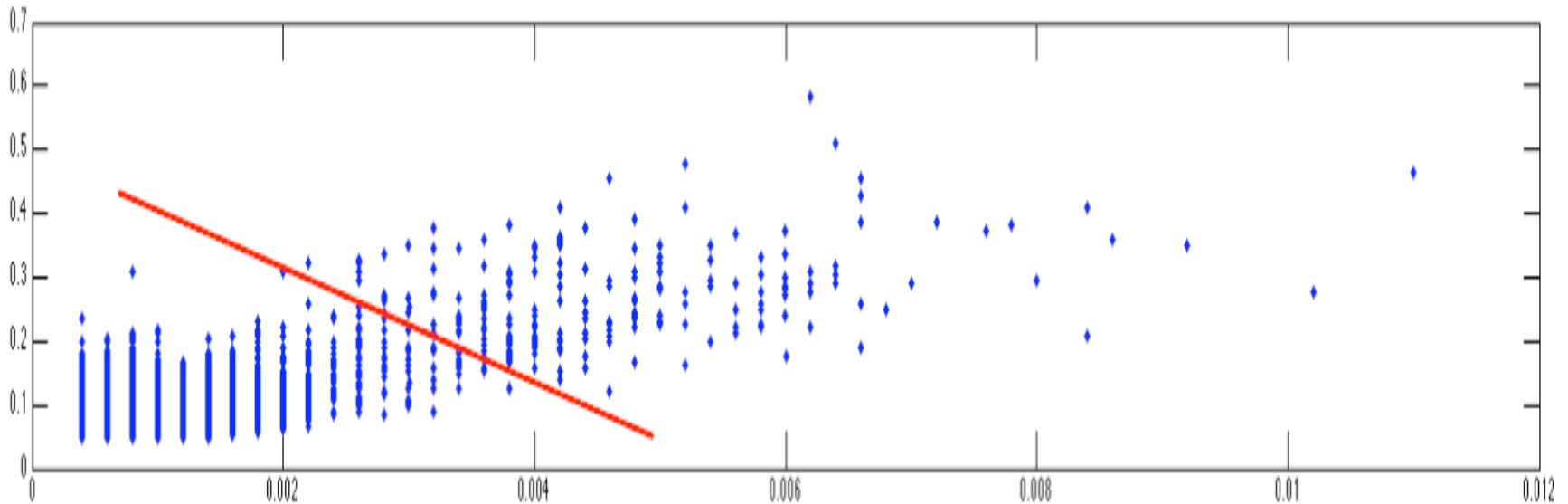
MHCC-97L Signals from IVFC in Blood Vessels after Injection



In Vivo Signal of DiD-Labeled MHCC-97L Cell (Balb/c Mouse)



PCA Analysis



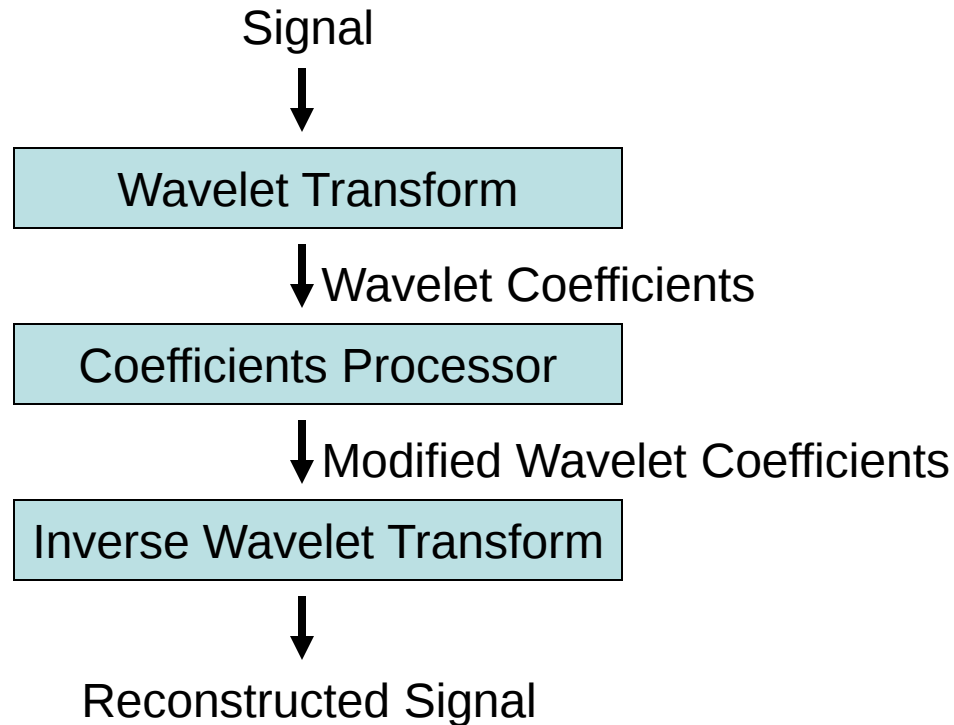
- Perform bi-clustering in width-vs.-height feature space
- Eventually supported by pure-noise control data set
- **Problem:** Requires user interaction, parameter-tuning, control data dependent...

Wavelet-based Denoising

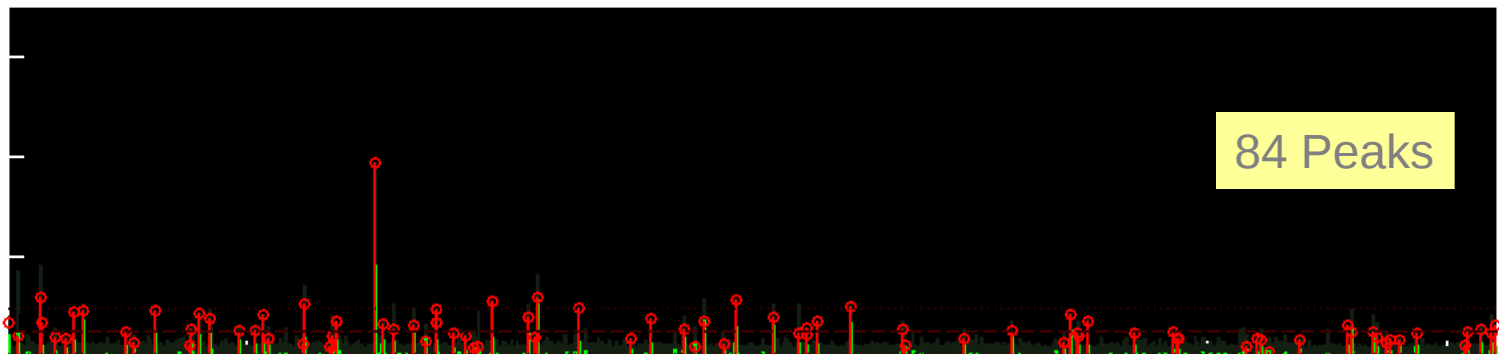
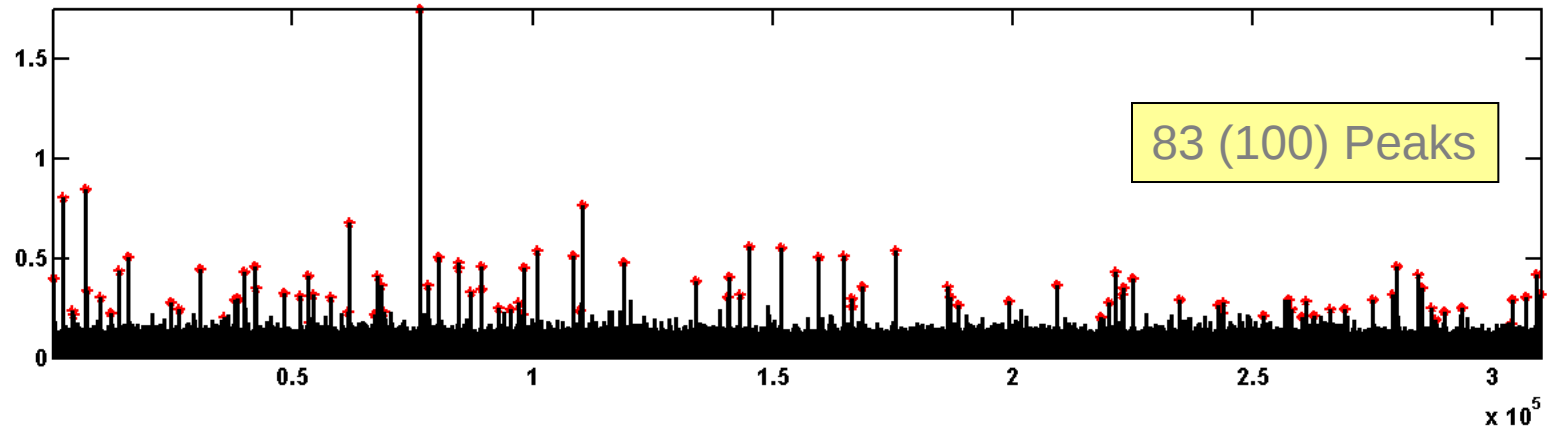
- Wavelets?
 - ...are hierarchical (nested) basis functions
 - wavelike oscillating functions that are localized in time
 - finite (“compact”) support
 - ...are used to decompose signals into coefficients that give frequency and temporal information
 - ...can approximate anything well (discontinuity, non-periodicity)
 - ...can approximate a function with few coefficients facilitating compression, storage, transmission
 - ...are fast to compute → convert n -sample function in $O(n)$ (single level) or $O(n \log n)$ (multilevel) time

Wavelet-based Denoising

- General wavelet-based processing

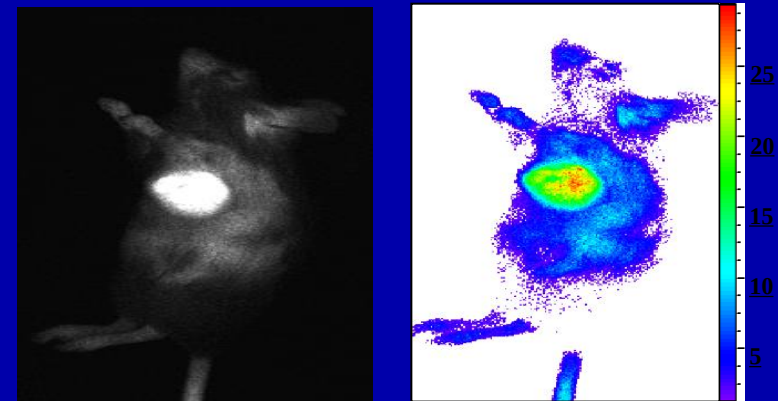
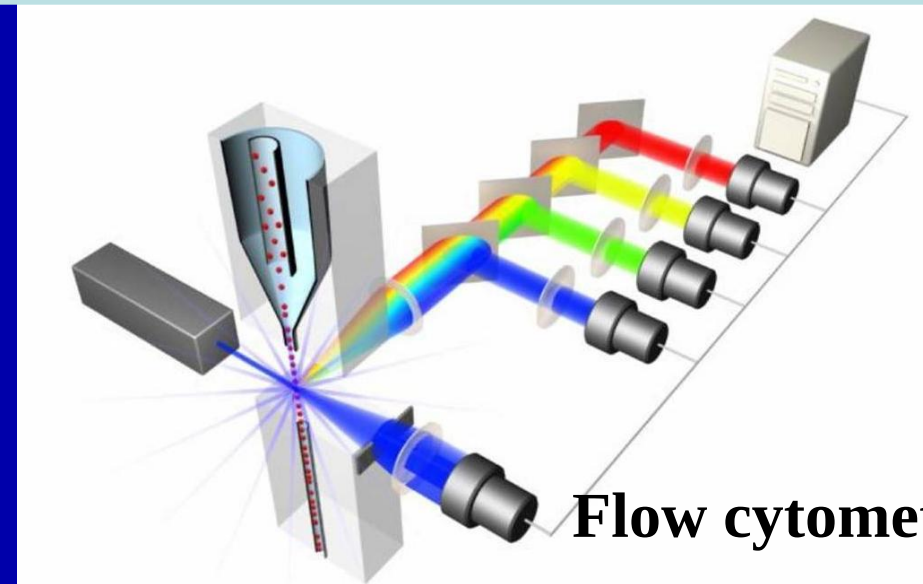


Expert-annotated vs. automatically classified peaks



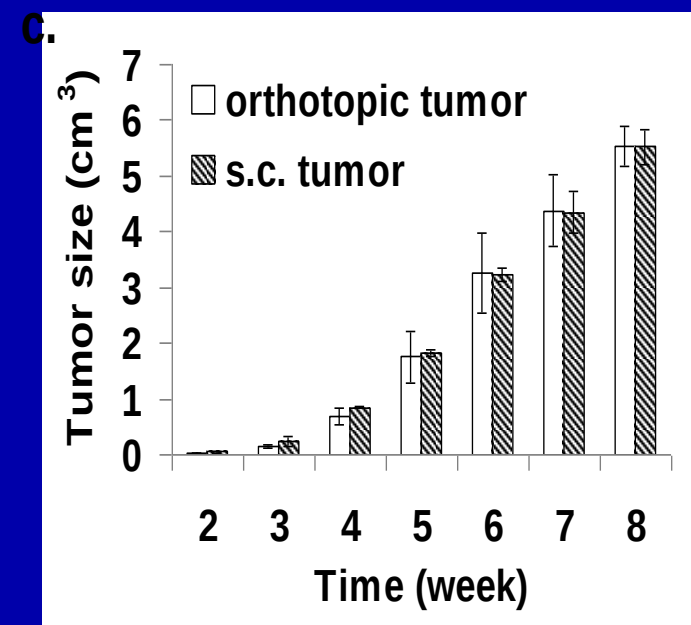
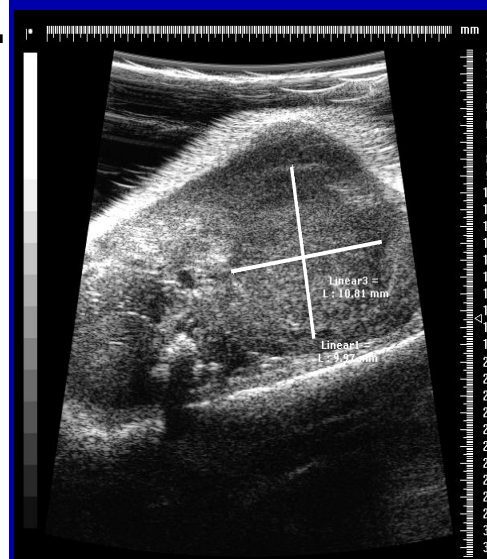
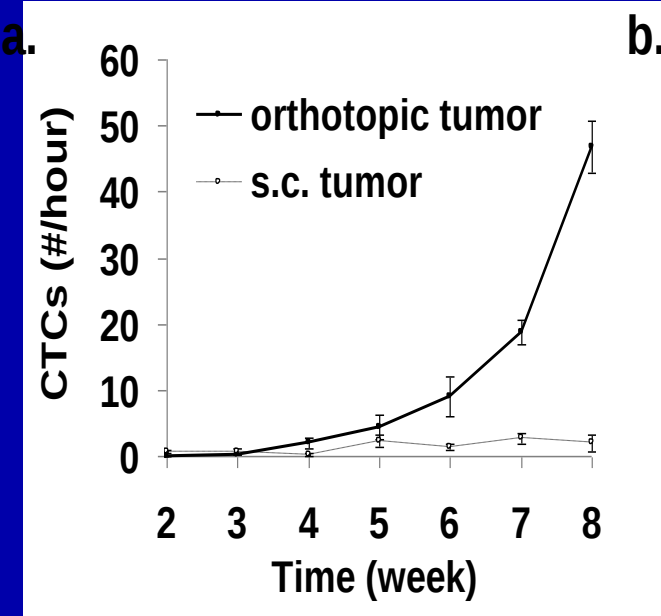
Challenge for CTCs detection

- Current technologies
 - (In vitro)Flow Cytometry (**popular**)
 - Confocal/two-photon microscopy
 - Regular fluorescence microscopy
- Limitations
 - No dynamic monitoring
 - Not real time/quantitative
 - Low sensitivity (**no early detection**)
 - depends on blood drawing



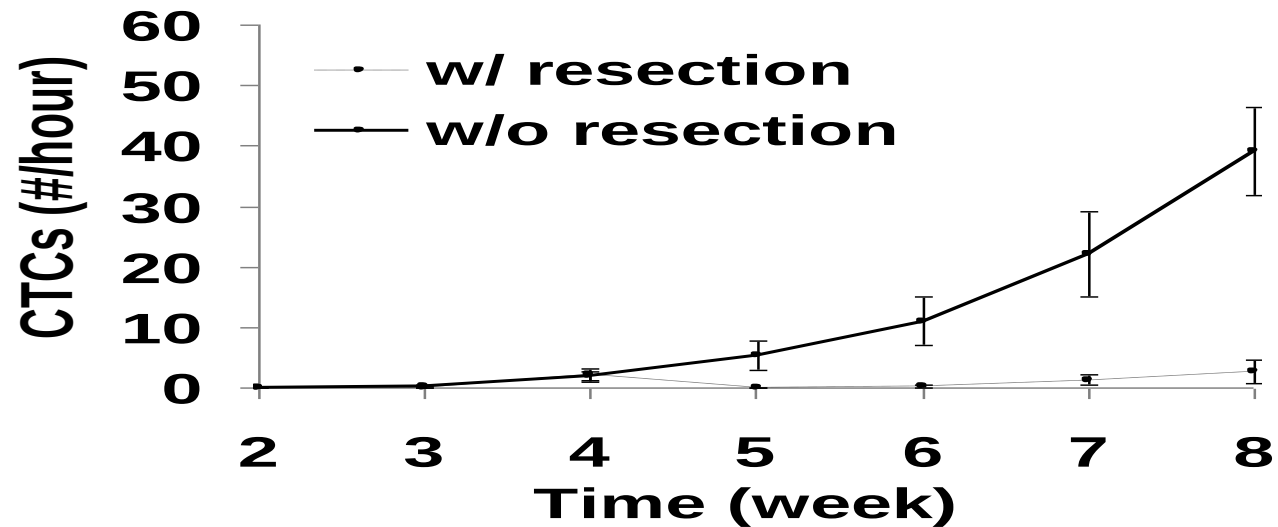
**Optical molecular imaging can not
analyze blood components**

CTCs dynamics in s.c. and orthotopic metastatic liver tumor model

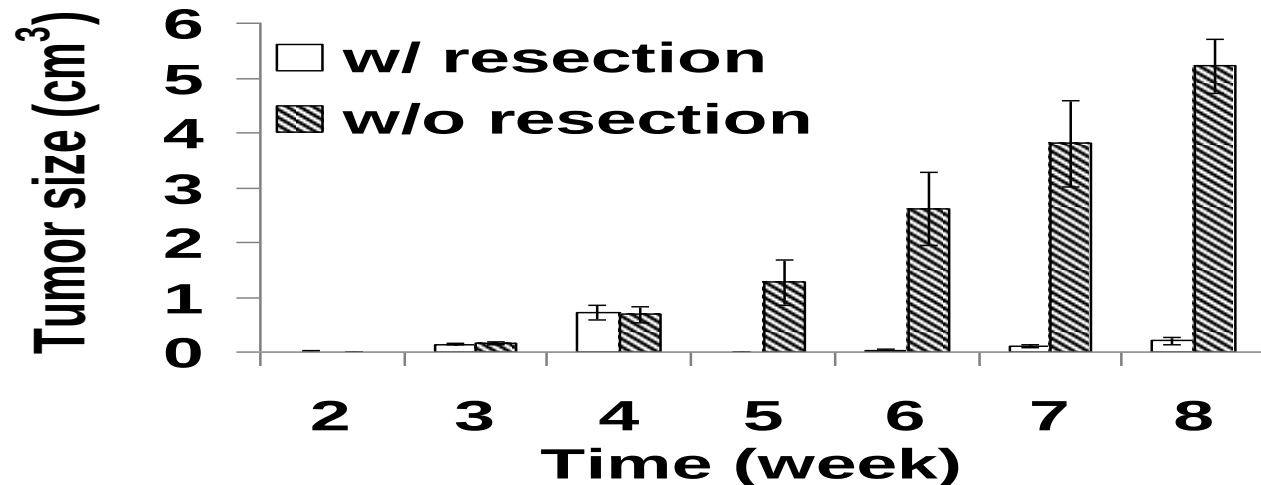


Depletion of CTCs by surgical treatment

a.



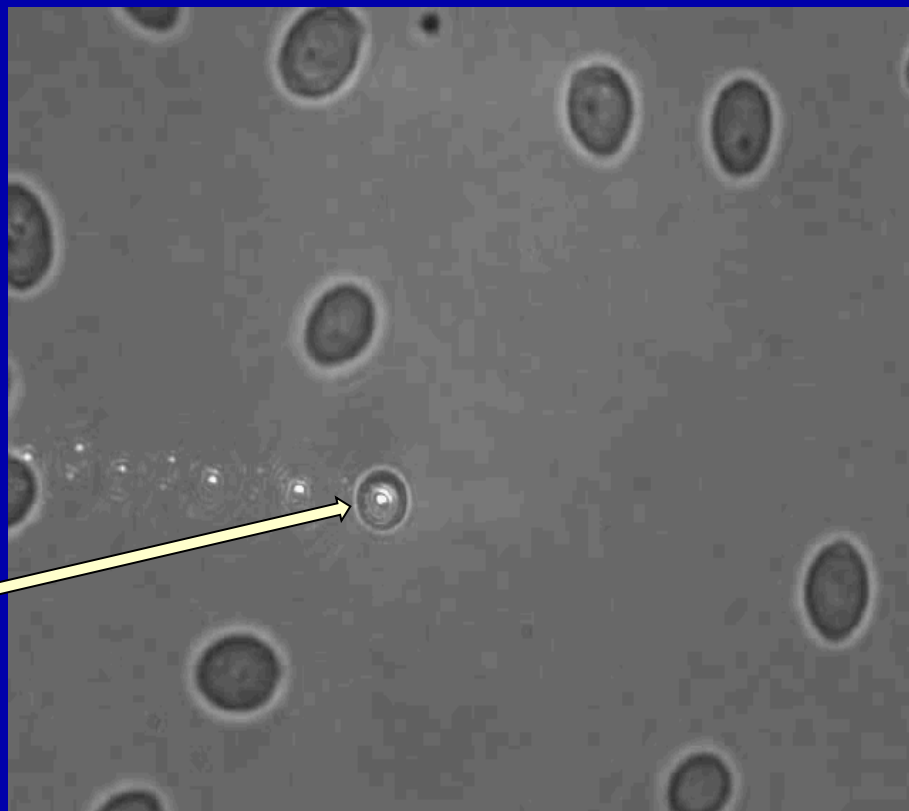
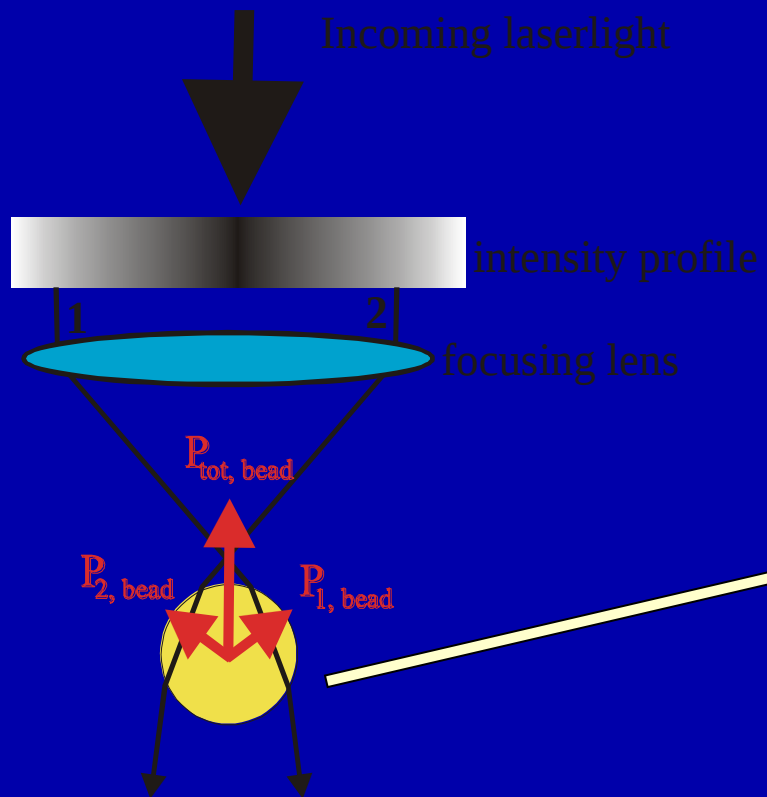
b.



In Vivo Trapping of Cells ?

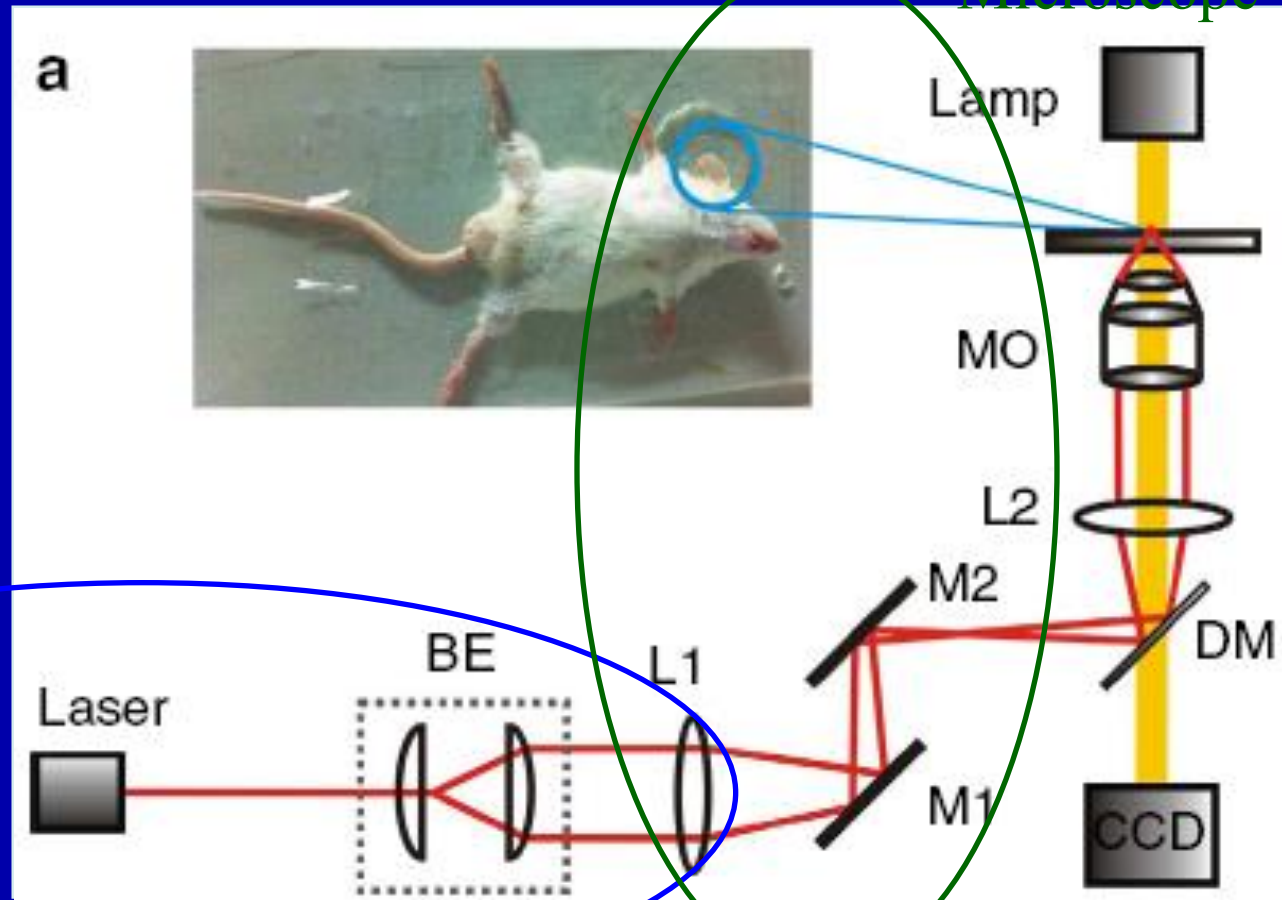


- Although there are numerous reports on manipulation of microscopic objects at cellular level, techniques of trapping and manipulating the cells within living animals have not been established



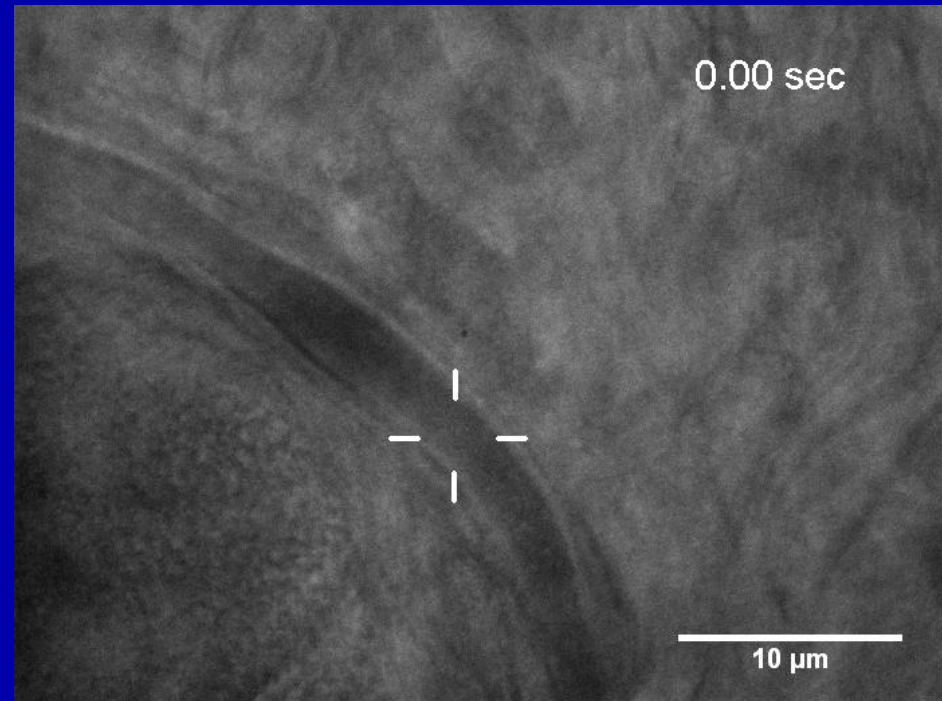
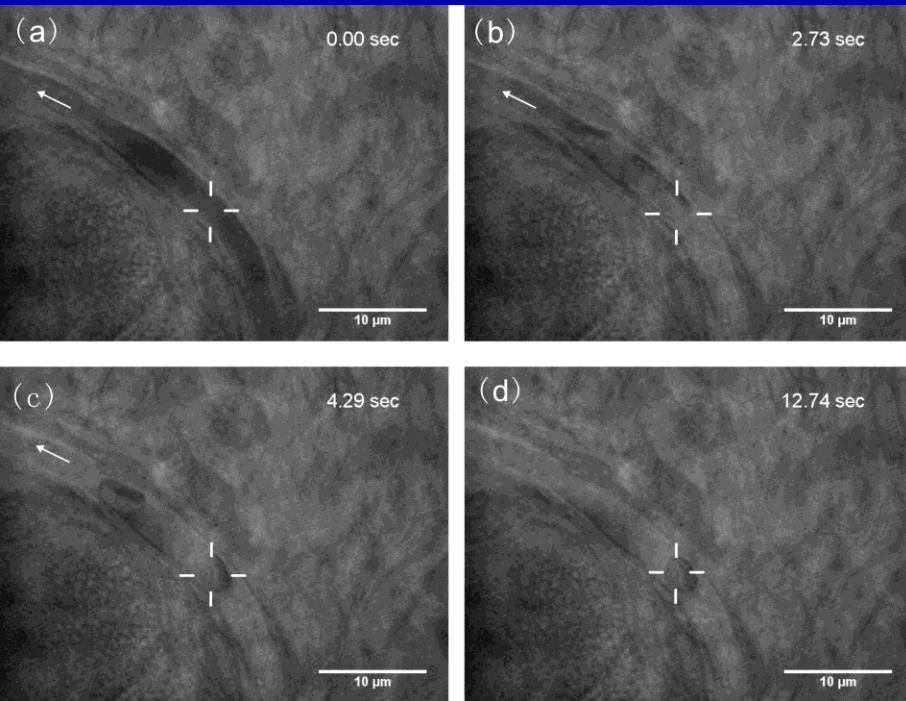
Trapping single RBCs *in vivo*

Microscope

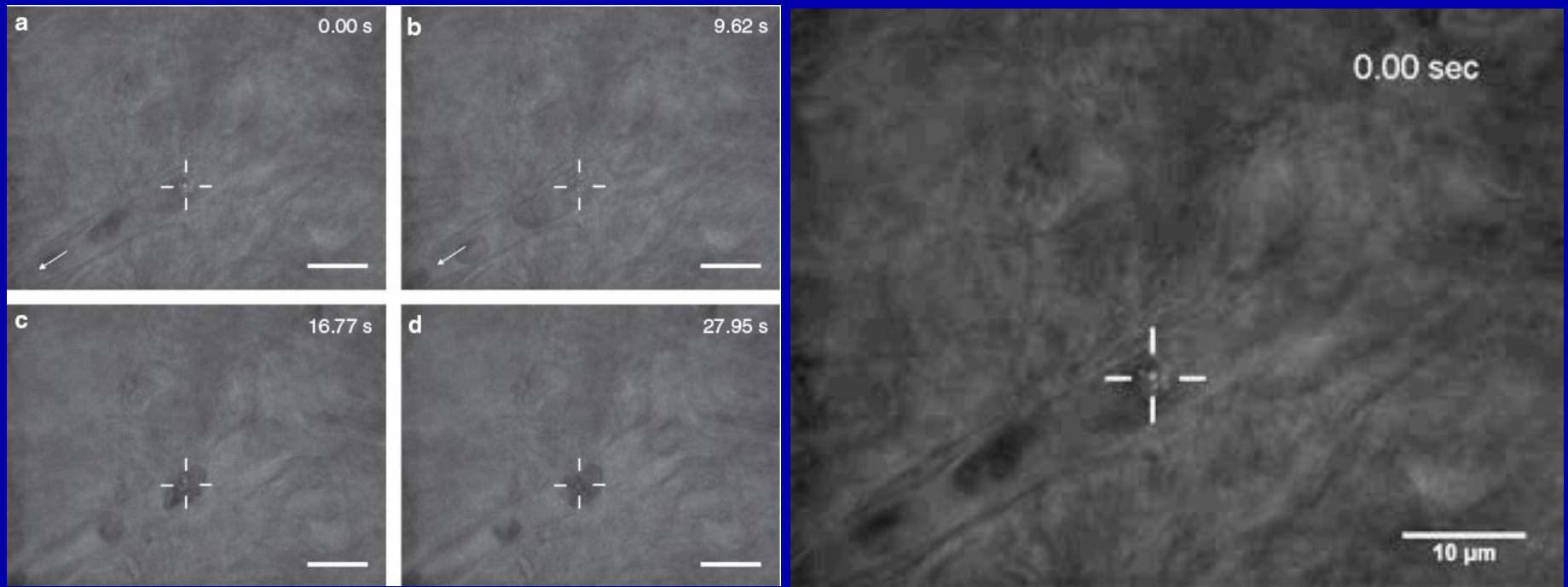


Optical Tweezers

Trapping single RBC in a living mouse

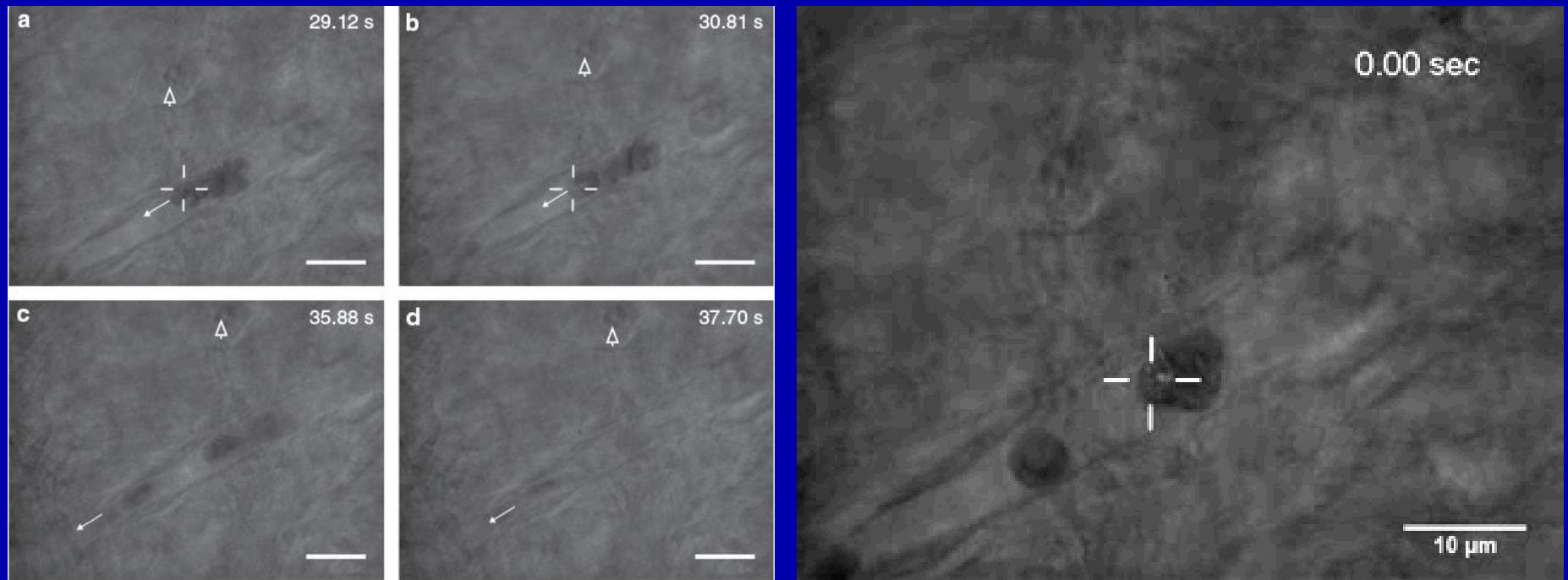


Optical trapping of RBCs leads to capillary blockage



Zhong M, Wei X, *et al.*, *Nature Communications*
(April 23, 2013; Featured in Medical Research: Clearing blocked
capillaries with light)

Optical tweezers clear clogged capillary



Zhong M, Wei X, *et al.*, *Nature Communications*
(April 23, 2013; Featured in Medical Research: Clearing blocked capillaries with light)

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