

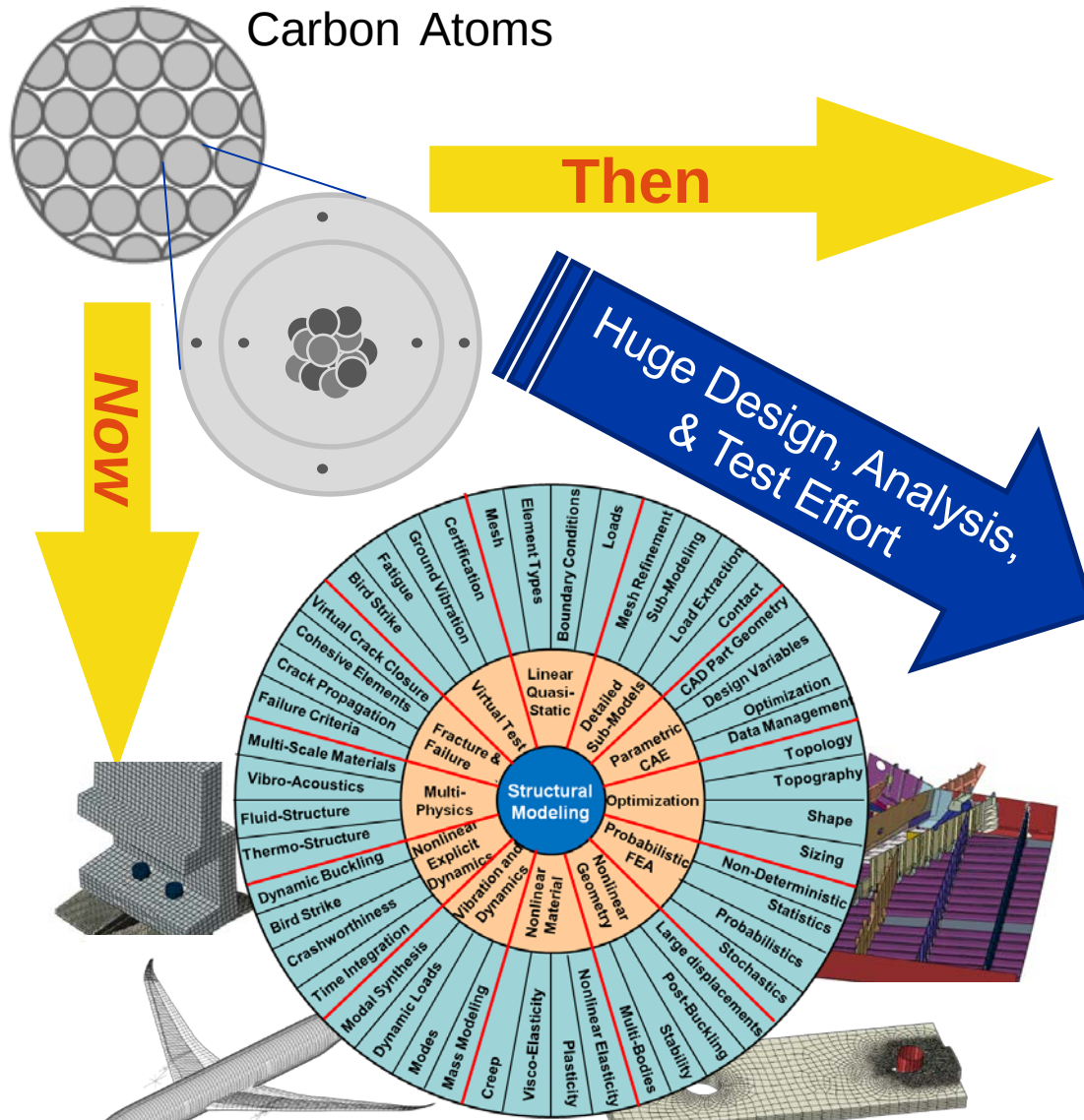
Multi-scale Modeling of Airplane Structures

William Grosse

Boeing Commercial Airplanes

Structures Engineering

Vehicle Level Analysis & Optimization



$$\sigma = \frac{P}{A} + \frac{Mc}{I}$$



Change driven by need to continually improve performance & enabled by technological advances in materials and computational tools

Big Picture

Structural Modeling @ Boeing

Challenges & Developments

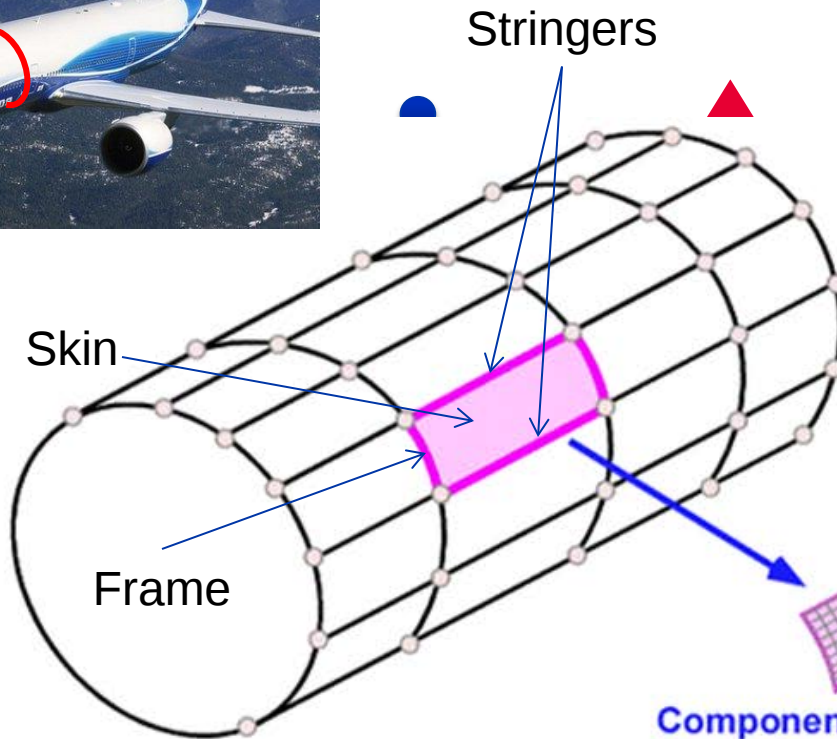
Where You Can Help

Summary

Complexity of the Product Drives need for Building Block Approach:



Level of Idealization



Vehicle Level Model.
Idealized, Coarse Grid.
Shells and beams.

Component Model.
Stand-alone Submodel,
Fine grid mesh Assy of parts.
**Applied loads come from vehicle
level model results.** Typically

Structural Detail Model.
Stand-alone Submodel,
Fine grid mesh Assy of parts.
**Applied loads come from
previous submodel results.**
Typically includes solids.

We utilize an interdependent hierarchy of models stretching across length scales... all of which require validation.

To manufacture and deliver airplanes, Boeing must demonstrate compliance with regulatory requirements.

Airplane structural substantiation by analysis is based on loads and deflections and **validated by test**.

Excerpts from 14 CFR Subpart C – Structure:

25.301 Loads.

- (a) Strength requirements are specified in terms of limit loads (the maximum loads to be expected in service) and ultimate loads (limit loads multiplied by prescribed factors of safety). Unless otherwise provided, prescribed loads are limit loads.
- (c) If deflections under load would significantly change the distribution of external or internal loads, this redistribution must be taken into account.

25.307 Proof of structure.

- (a) Compliance with the strength and deformation requirements of this subpart must be shown for each critical loading condition. Structural analysis may be used only if the structure conforms to that for which experience has shown this method to be reliable.

How does Boeing use modeling to meet the above requirements?

Structural Test

Analysis Purpose

Structural Model

Full Scale Tests

Subcomponent



Validation

Element Test



Coupon Test



Design Value Development

Constituent Test



Material Development

Load Path & Aeroelastic Response Validation

Global Instability

Panel Instability
Dam.Tol. Analysis

Method Validation

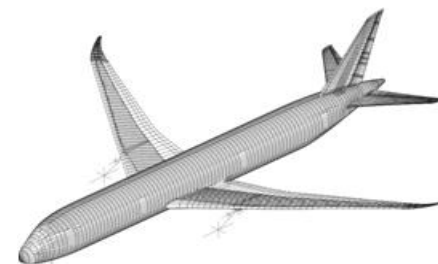
Local Instability
Crippling

Stiffness Allowables
Ex, Ey, Gxy, vxy, etc.

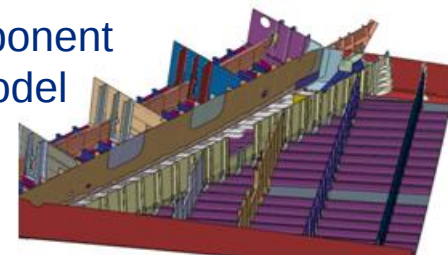
Strength Allowables
(Delam, Disbond)

Constituent Properties

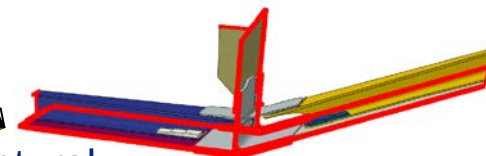
Vehicle Model



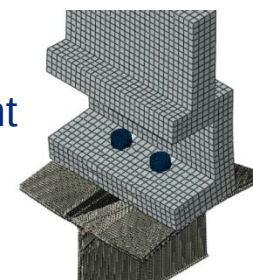
Component Model



Structural Detail Model



Element Model



Physical testing forms basis of methods & allowables used in analysis models.
Large scale tests are then used to validate models.

Putting it All Together

Methods Development

Applicable Method Exists?

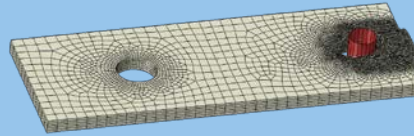
Yes

No

Develop Method

Test Plan Creation

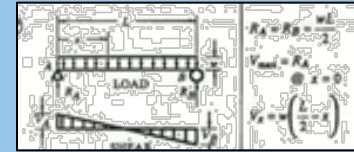
Develop Model/Simulation



Physical Test



Validated Method



Configuration Analysis

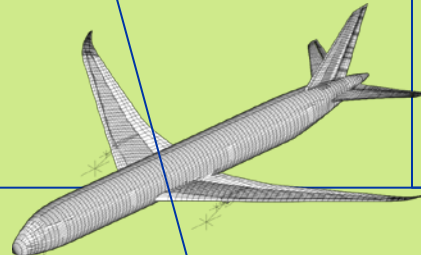
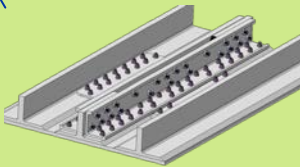
Structural Configuration

Develop Vehicle & Component Models

Develop Loads

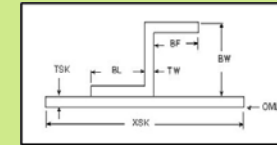
Analyze

Iterate



Iterate

Resize



No

Converged?

Yes

Component & Full Scale Testing

Correlate?

Yes

Validated Analysis Models

No

Rework & Retest

Certification

Delivery



Analysis Validation

Big Picture

Structural Modeling @ Boeing

Challenges & Developments

Where You Can Help

Summary

Validation

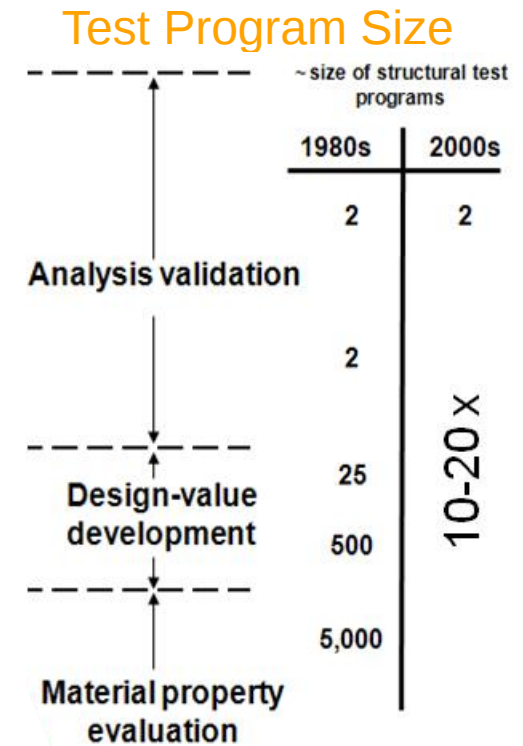
- Complexity of product has increased
- Use of modeling has grown
- Early development is feasibility focused
- Expertise development has been outpaced

Target:

Reduce risk & cost of new development

Proposal:

- Capture & transfer knowledge gained from experience
- Provide standards, tools, & oversight to ensure model quality
- Know when to use FEA versus other methods
- Use Uncertainty Analysis to inform trades & design for robustness



Expectations of modeling have grown, need to continue to develop expertise & standards.

Virtual Test

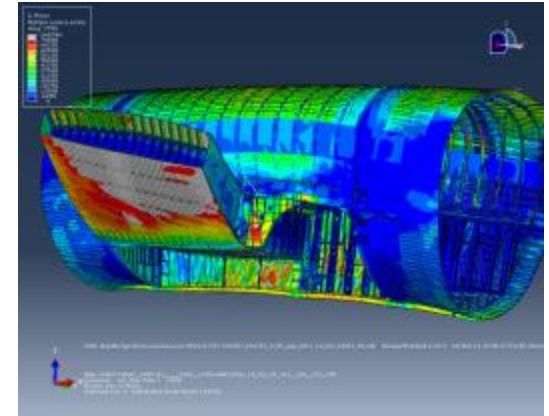
Nonlinear analysis with high fidelity geometry to simulate physical test

Benefits:

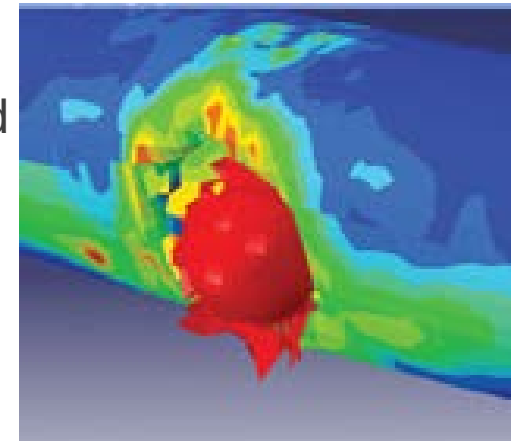
- Reduce risk prior to physical test
- Develop confidence in tools & procedures
- Reduction may be possible via validated techniques

Example: Bird-strike Criteria

- FAR 25.571 requires resistance to impact of 4 pound bird
- Impact testing is expensive
- Use of real birds pose environmental concerns
- FEA may help reduce number of development strikes



Simulated Bird Strike



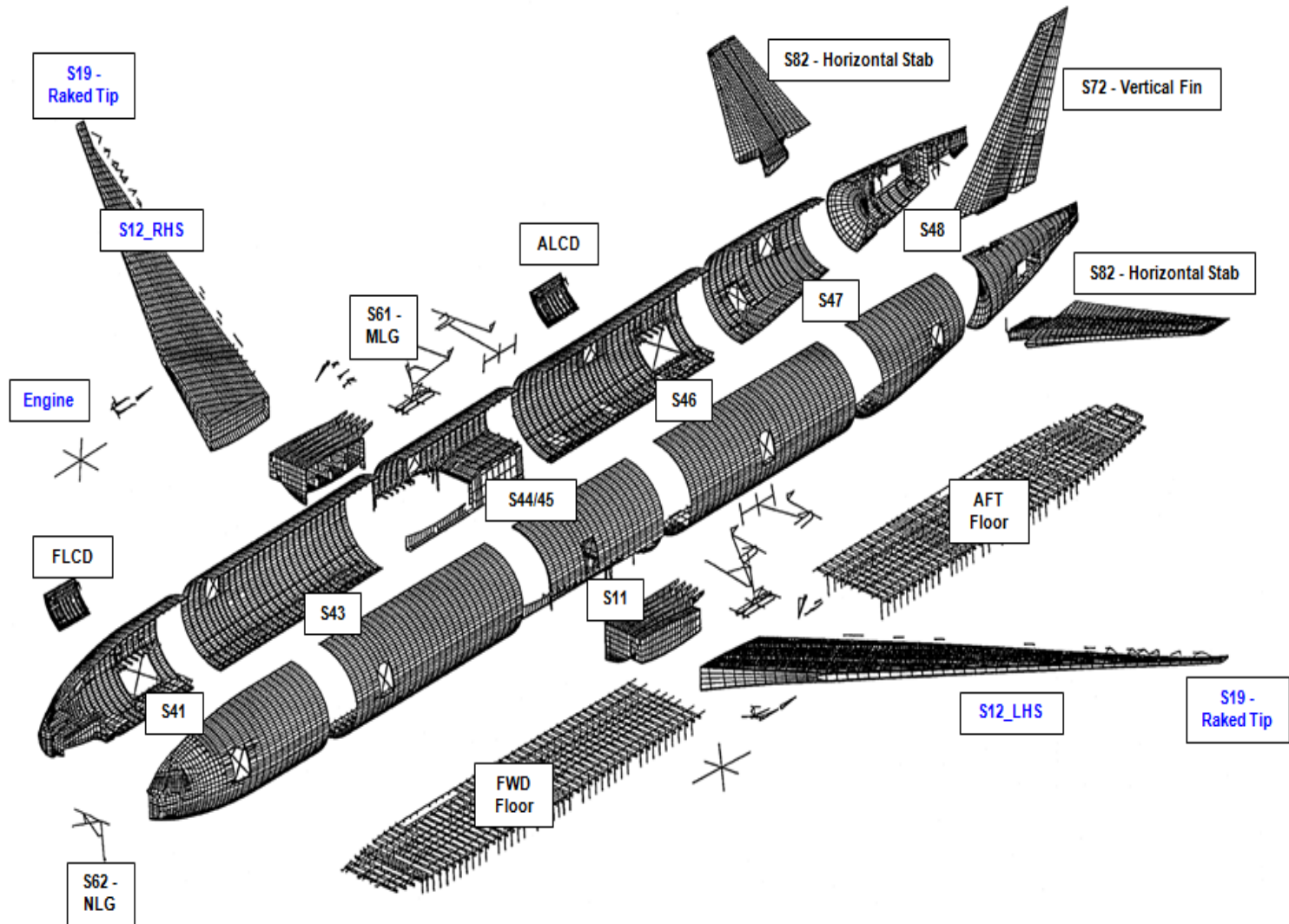
Success builds confidence and enables expanded use of modeling.

Integration

- Different abstractions of the same physical object

■ Man

■ Larg



Geometry
Integration

How d

■ Autc

■ Link

■ Star

■ Da

Greate

■ Red

■ Gloi

Right level of integration allows engineers to focus on engineering

Global Optimization

Large Scale = Entire Wing, Entire Fuselage, ... Entire Plane

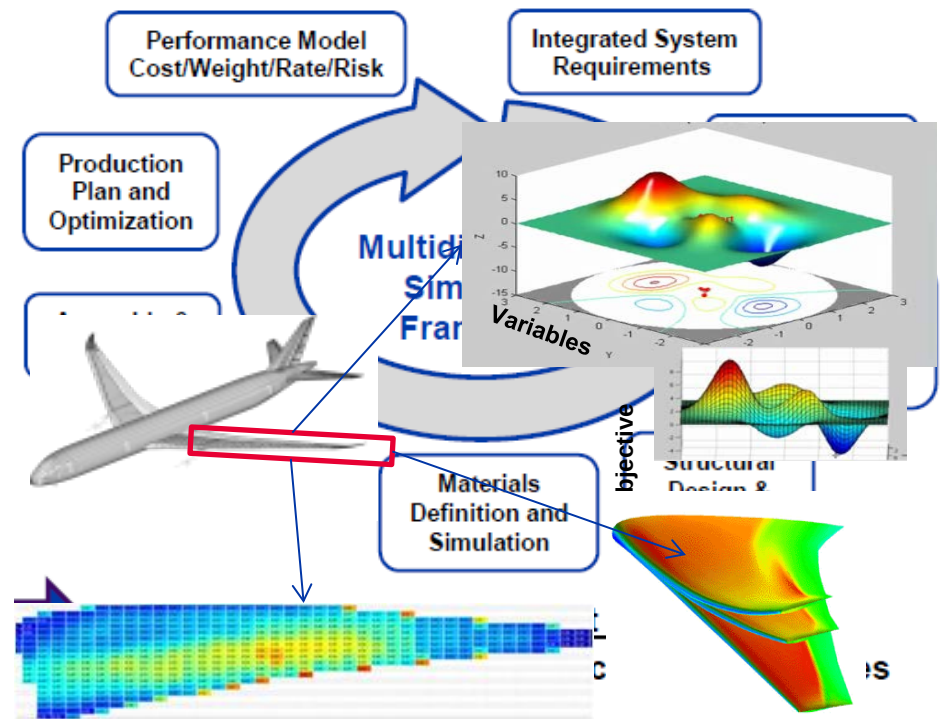
Large # of responses & design variables

Objectives:

- Weight
- Cost
- Rate

Multi-disciplinary

- Loads, Dynamics, & Flutter
- Design
- Performance
- Stability & Controls
- Manufacturing



- Robust design architecture provides rapid trade capability and risk assessment.
- Include manufacturing, and certification criteria to optimize design for weight, cost, and rate.

Not meant to give us “the answer” but are useful to increase our understanding and enable exploration of design space.

Big Picture

Structural Modeling @ Boeing

Challenges & Developments

Where You Can Help

Summary

Virtual Test

- Easy and reliable methods for simulating failure mechanics

Optimization

- Robust algorithms for efficiently solving large problems
- Visualization to navigate & interrogate large data sets

Uncertainty Analysis

- Standard use in academia will help set expectations of people currently in industry and about to enter

Big Picture

Structural Modeling @ Boeing

Challenges & Developments

Where You Can Help

Summary

Multi-Scale Structural Modeling is an Essential Tool for Boeing

- Can't test everything, so we need to model.
- Standardization, best practices & judicious use are essential.
- Validation tests are critical, but simulation can help reduce risk & #.
- Better integration enables engineers to focus on engineering.
- Optimization is key to design space exploration & expansion.



